

**Indiana State Police Internet Crimes
Against Children (ICAC) Youth Educators
Program**

Past high profile instances of youth being victimized by cyber bullies, and sexual predators demanded a proactive program be developed and implemented in an effort to inoculate youth against such criminal acts.

There are 61 Internet Crimes against Children Task Force (ICAC) in the United States. However, the Indiana ICAC Task Force is the first to have full-time Youth Educators. Each Youth Educator works within the structure of the Indiana ICAC Task Force with presentations specifically designed to prevent victimization in the areas of:

- Online child sexual solicitation
- Online child extortion, also known as sextortion
- Online production of child pornography
- Online bullying, also known as cyberbullying
- Online radicalization mitigation to reduce the recruitment of youth by terrorists and criminal extremists.

The Indiana ICAC Youth Educators provides age appropriate Cyber Safety presentations to help reach our youth

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

National Center for Missing and Exploited Children

WWW.Cybertipline.com

WWW.Netsmartz.org

WWW.Missingkids.com



*Want to learn more about the
Indiana State Police ICAC Youth
Educator Program?*

icacyouthed.isp.IN.gov

*View our appearance on the ISP
Road Show:*

<https://youtu.be/OBMHZzzAWk8>

*To earn 1 Baby Buck:
Handwrite a reflection that fills one
side of a notebook page.*



ICAC YOUTH EDUCATORS



**PARENTS,
HAVE THE
TALK!**

ICAC Internet Crimes Against Children
Task Force

The Internet is...

- *Not Anonymous*
- *An Open Forum*
- *Designed by Humans*
- *Controlled by Humans*
- *World Wide*

The good news is that most children are not getting into trouble online, but there are still risks to consider. No matter what your children like to do online, they face the following issues:

- Inappropriate content.
- Online privacy.
- Sexting.
- Online sexual solicitation.
- Cyberbullying.

So how you can protect your children online no matter how they access the Internet.

Kids go online from:

- School computers.
- Friends' computers.
- Laptops and tablets.
- Cell phones.
- E-readers.
- Game consoles.

Technology changes all the time, and kids are constantly finding the newest websites, apps and gadgets. It is up to you to teach them the basic rules of Internet safety so they can use all of these responsibly.

TALK ABOUT RISK AT EVERY AGE

Talk to your children about online risks in an age-appropriate way. For example:

- You should start talking about online manners, or “netiquette,” with your younger children so they have a good foundation for later lessons about issues like cyberbullying.
- Talk to children about not trusting everyone they meet online. By the time they are teens, they will be ready to discuss the risks of meeting offline.
- Start talking to your tweens about not posting revealing pictures and evolve that into a frank discussion about sexting when they become teenagers.

INAPPROPRIATE CONTENT ONLINE

The Internet opens up an entire world of information and images, some of which you do not want your children to see. On the Internet, your child might see content that features:

- Pornography.
- Excessive violence.
- Hate speech.
- Risky or illegal behaviors.



WHAT CAN YOU DO?

Talk to your child about what to do when they find inappropriate content. They can:

- Turn off the screen.
- Use the back button.
- Tell a trusted adult if they have questions or need help.
- Report the content to the website or app where they found it.

DO NOT POST!

In addition to talking to children about what to do if they see inappropriate content, you will also want to talk to older children about not *posting* it themselves. Inappropriate information your child should not share online includes:

- Illegal or inappropriate behavior.
- Offensive language.
- Threats of violence.
- Underage drinking or drug use.
- Hate speech.

Posting these things online means your child may:

- Damage their reputation at school, in the workplace or among their friends.
- Be punished at school if what they post breaks school rules.
- Be charged with a crime if they are breaking a law.
- Hurt their chances of getting into college, getting a scholarship or getting a job in the future.